



**Natura 2000-Managementplanning for the Elbe Estuary** 

- 1. EU Biodiversity Policy and Nature Legislation
- 2. Natura 2000 in the Elbe Estuary
- 3. The Planning-Process
- 4. Sediment Management a Crucial Issue





### 2. Natura 2000 in the Elbe-Estuary.

Natura 2000 : 10 SACs and 5 SPAs (IBA- and Ramsar-Sites)







# **Conservation objectives according to standard data forms:**

- 12 habitat types (annex I HD)
- 11 species (annex II HD)
- 45 species of naturally occurring wild birds (annex I BD)





# **Conservation Status - Meeting the Obligations**

The memberstates of the EU have to **report the conservation status** of Natura 2000 (habitats and species) periodically every 6 years to the European Commission.

The conservation status of the <u>estuaries of the Ems, Elbe and Weser</u> has been determined as being <u>"not favourable" (C).</u>

This means that the affected federal states have to take obligatory action to improve the conservation status.





# **Goals of a Natura 2000-Managementplan**

- common objectives for nature conservation
- proposals for measures to achieve the objectives
- guidance for projects and measures
- additional basis for the assessment of plans or projects
- legal framework for maintenance dredging
- improvement of planning security





# **Legal Character:**

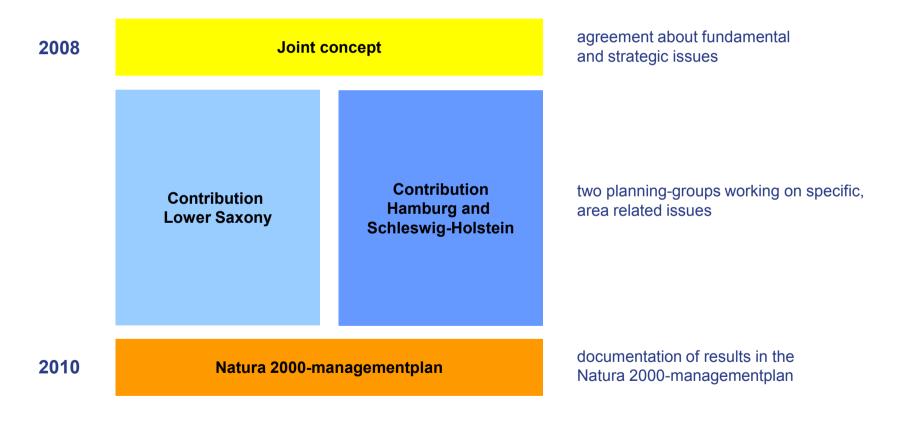
The Natura 2000-managementplan

- is a joint, trans-state plan,
- has no legal binding force,
- is a guideline for state actions,
- is aimed at voluntary commitment of all stakeholders.





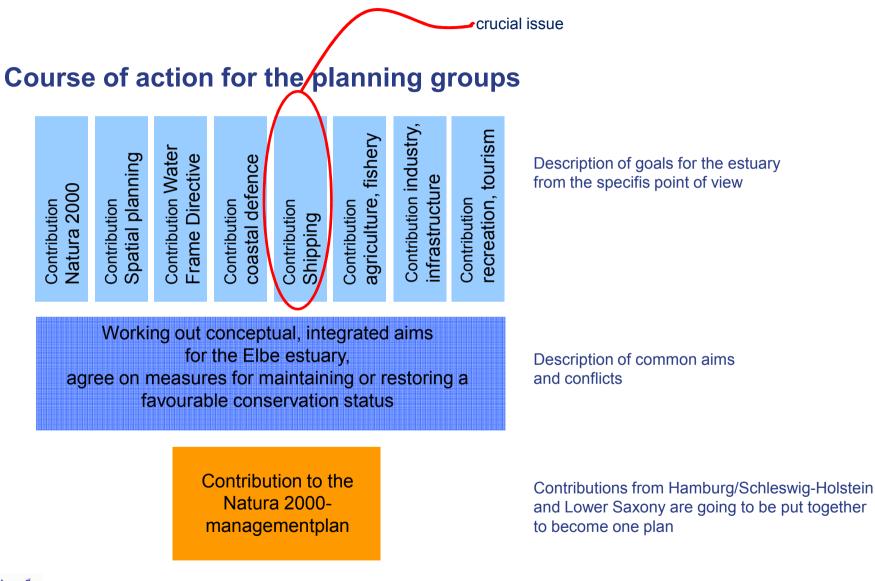
# **Cooperation of the Federal States of Hamburg, Lower Saxony and Schleswig-Holstein**





6th International SedNet Conference / Special Session: Managing the Elbe Estuary Dr. Elisabeth Klocke, 9 October 2009

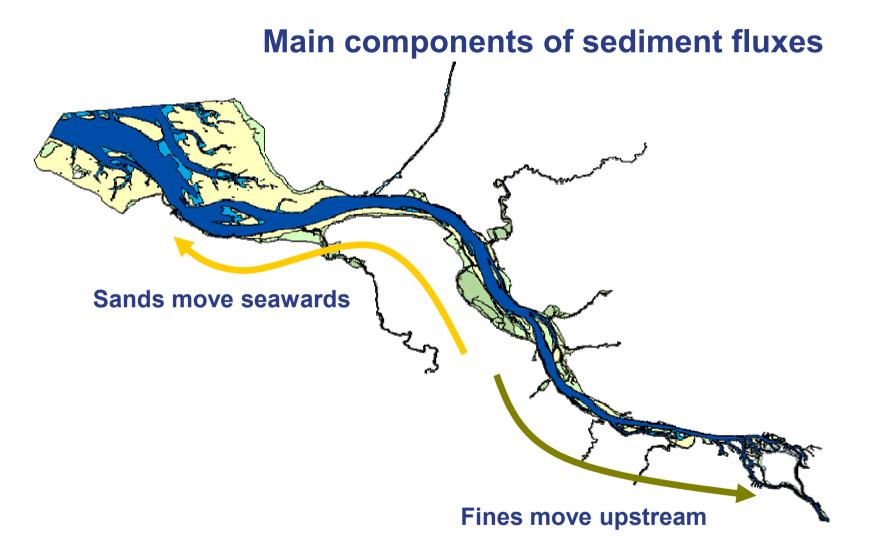






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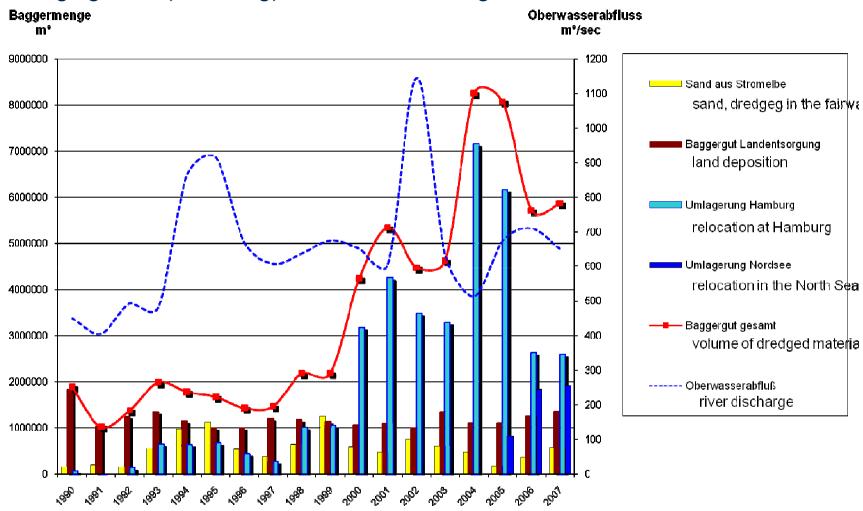
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#### **Disequilibrium of sediment budgets**



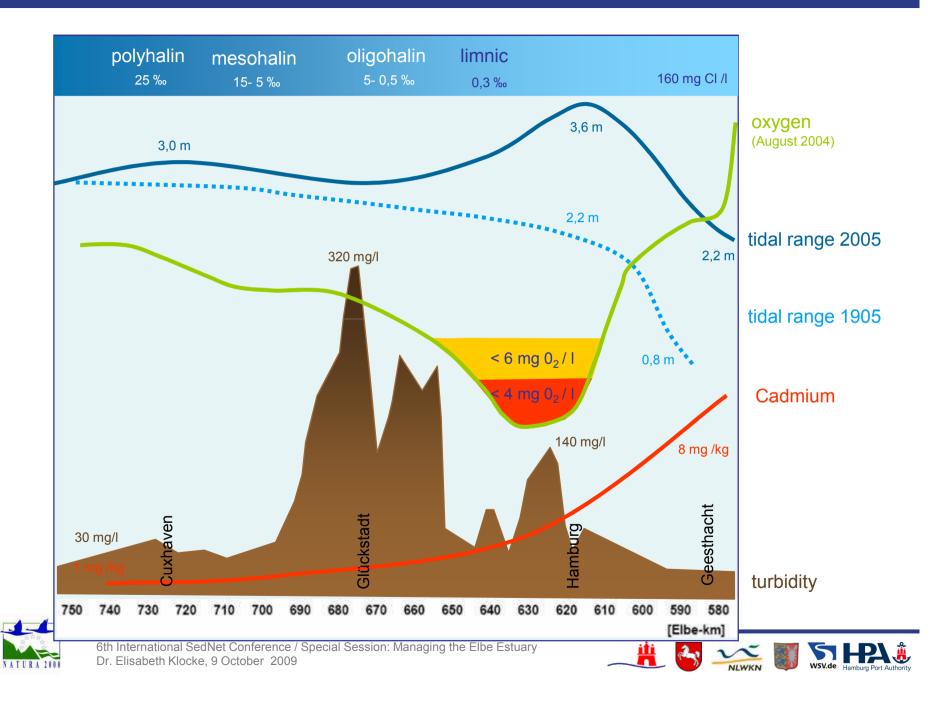


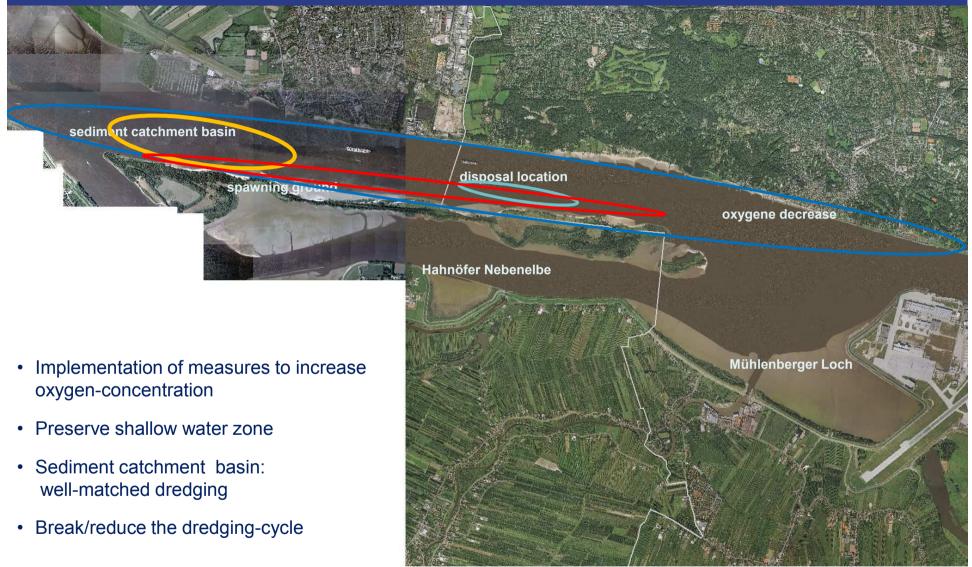


#### Dredging Data (Hamburg) and River Discharge















siltation of branches

# Problems:

- Unbalanced sediment budget
- Falling tidal low water level
- Reflux of sediment (Cycle)
- Siltation of branches

#### Limited Scope:

- Oxygen deficiency
- Pollution
- Fish/protected species
- Benthic fauna





# Comparative study to evaluate long-term effects of maintenance strategies on the whole regime

Conflicts of aims concerning ecology:

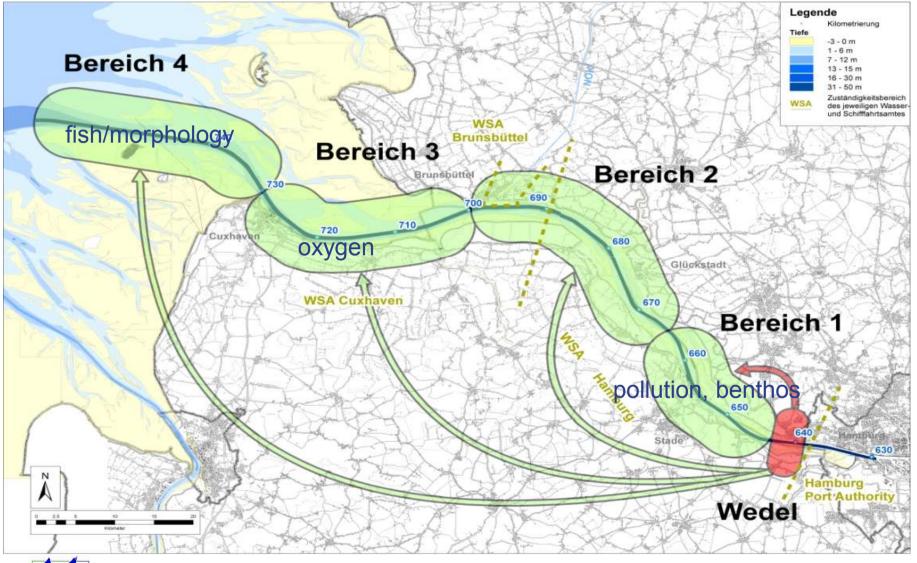
- Oxygene levels, siltation on mudflats
- Contamination, spatial limitation versus distribution
- Food chains

Result: Recommendation depending on focus, wide-range relocation shows advantages





# **Comperative Study: Consideration of Different Scenarios**







## Framework / New Relocation Strategy

# in discussion

Possible solution: Priorities integrated in a goal system

- Maintenance of the fairway
- Compliance with environmental legislation and administrative fiats
- Balancing the sediment budgets for the long term
- Consideration of short-term or locally ecological criteria
- Cost effectiveness
- Other ecological goals

## Integrated concept:

- Monitoring
- Steady adjustment of relocation strategy and monitoring scheme in reconciliation with environmental administration and NGOs





#### Thank you very much for your attention.

Freie und Hansestadt Hamburg Ministry for Urban Development and Environment

Niedersachsen Lower Saxony Water Management, Coastal Defence and Nature Conservation Agency

> Schleswig-Holstein Ministry for agriculture, environment and the Countryside

Federal Waterways Administration Directorate "North"

Hamburg Port Authority



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