Beneficial use of dredged sediments

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Beneficial use

- Interest in beneficial uses is increasing;
- Quantity of dredged material is increasing;
- Population growing near waterways
 - Increase in the cost of disposing sites;
- Environmental regulations.





Beneficial use – what does it mean?

*Beneficial use: All productive and positive uses of dredged material, which covers broad use categories ranging from fish and wildlife habitat development, to human recreation, to industrial/commercial uses."
(US Army Corps of Engineers, 1986)





Beneficial use – what does it mean?

"Beneficial use - the relocation has to contribute to a functional and sustainable fulfilment interpretation of the morphological and ecological functions of the sediment." Rijkswaterstaat North Sea





Beneficial use – support with science

- Comprehensive investigation of
 - physical, biochemical and engineering characteristics
 - expected behaviour
 - Environmental Impact Assessment
- Practical, cost effective, and environmentally advantageous.





Beneficial use – not only science

- Legislation;
- Large number of interests of stakeholders.
- Long-term planning:
 - Watershed planning;
 - Regional strategies.





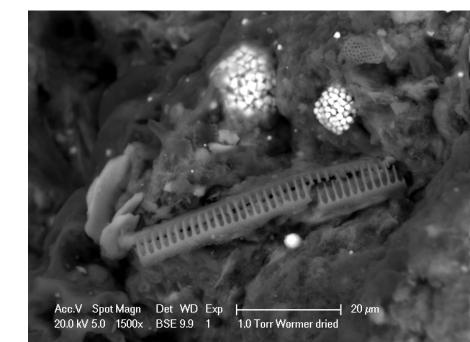
Dredged sediments – beneficial use

- Marine sediments
 - Blended cement
 - Bricks
 - Road construction
- Fresh water & Mineral sediments
 - Flood bank construction
 - Pit restoration
- Fresh water & organic sediments
 - Soil development



Dredged sediments

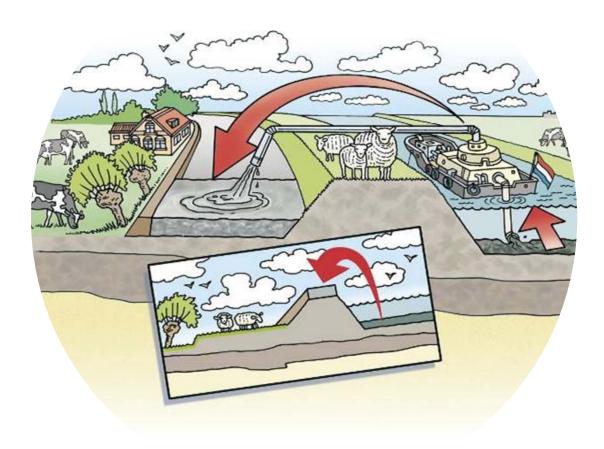
- New strategies to cope with
 - Land subsidence
 - Dredged sediments management
- Flood-induced inundations can be beneficial
 - Organic matter
 - Nutrients
 - Offset subsidence





Lift up of Lowlands – STW project 11344

Use of dredged sediments for subsidence mitigation in delta areas





- Spread thin layers of dredged sediments on the land adjacent to the waterways;
- Laboratorial scale experiments of ripening of dredged sediments;
 - T=20°C
 - RH=95%
 - Closed atmosphere.

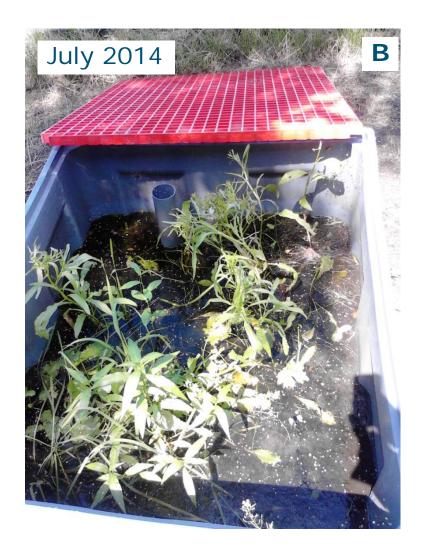
- Characterization of dredged sediments and biochemically ripened sediments:
 - Particle size distribution;
 - Organic matter content;
 - Type of organic matter;
 - Total C, N, P, S;
 - Aggregate stability;
 - Undrained shear strength.



- Mesoscale experiments:
 - A: Upland;
 - B: Underwater.



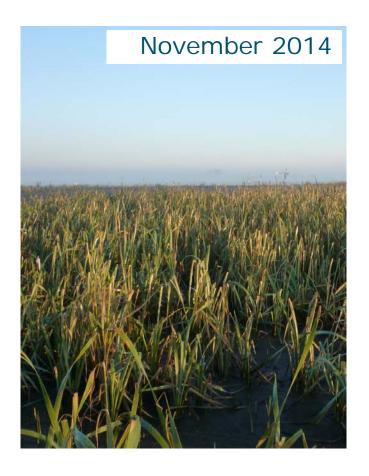






Field-scale experiment:







Field-scale experiment:





Dredged sediments – beneficial use

- Contaminated sediments
 - High organic and nutrients
 - Soil development
 - Induced priming effect by addition of other sources of organic matter
 - Activated carbon
 - ...
 - Low organic and nutrients
 - Construction
 - Immobilization of contaminants

Activated Carbon immobilization concepts











Lift up of lowlands

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Comments

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Suggestions

