

# *Ecological risk assessment of chromium in sediments of the Grote Calie*

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| Systemic Physiological  
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# Risk assessment chromium (Cr) in sediment

## ❖ Cr speciation

- Cr (VI): very soluble & highly toxic
- Cr (III): less toxic and less bioavailable

## ❖ Cr bioavailability

- Presence of Acid Volatile Sulfides (AVS), low bioavailability of Cr (VI)

Study area-Grote Calie



# Assessing bioavailability & speciation

- The concentration of AVS
- The bioaccumulation of Cr in caged biota (*Gammarus pulex* & *Lumbricus variegatus*)
- The fluxes of labile Cr(III) & Cr(VI) species *in situ* (using DGT)

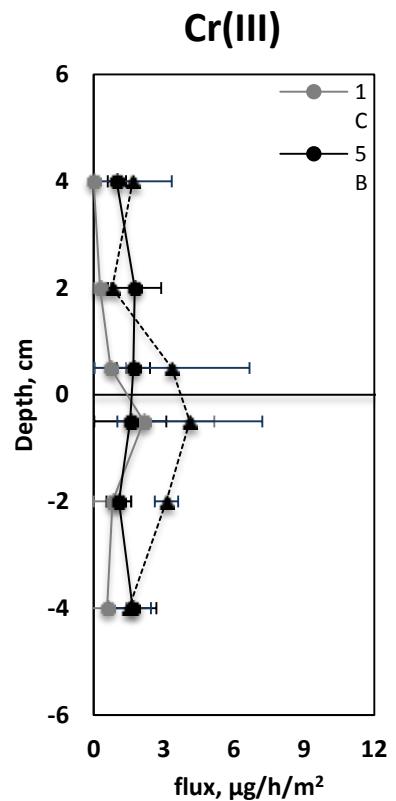
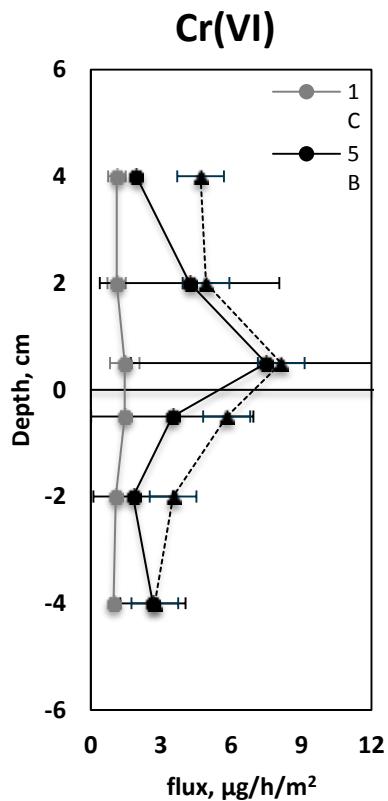
# Assessing biological impacts

- Chronic toxicity test  
*Gammarus pulex*      *Lumbricus variegatus*

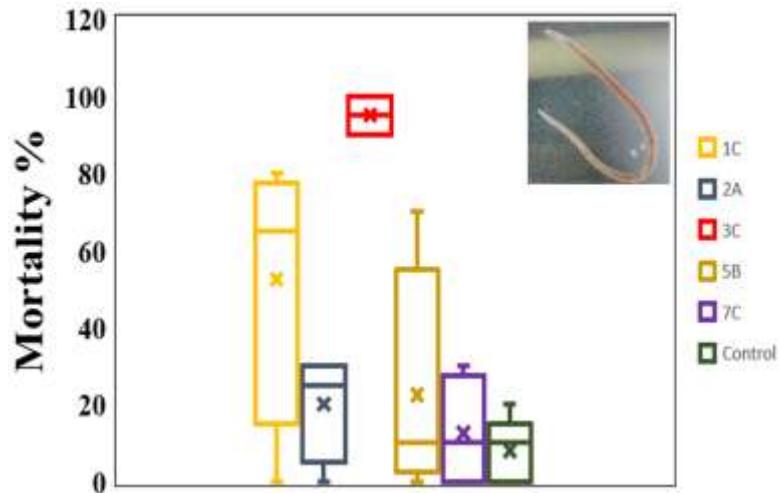


- Macroinvertebrate community assessment

# DGT profile Cr(VI) &Cr(III)



## Chronic toxicity test *Lumbriculus variegatus*



- ❖ There is no clear relationship between elevated Cr in biota and Toxicity

- ❖ High concentration of total Cr are up to 580  $\mu\text{g}/\text{gdw}$
- ❖ DGT fluxes (availability) of Cr(III) and Cr(VI) is low

# *Thank you*

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