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Bio-Engineering for Sediment Management And Removal of Turbidity Technologies: introduction, need, and research implementation gap

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Outline

- Introduction to BESMART Technologies: Bio-Engineering for Sediment Management And Removal of Turbidity Technologies
- Dewatering by worms
- Implementation gap





BESMART Technologies: inspiration

Ocean Dynamics



Fig. 13 Sketch of the highly dynamic system driven by the interaction of physics, chemistry, and biology. All together, these processes determines Markermeer sediment dynamics



BESMART Technologies: mission

- Incorporate biological processes into the (fine sediment management) engineering toolbox.
 - Because BESMART Tech. are passive, so very low (relative) carbon footprint.
 - Because technically BESMART Tech. are competitive (proven), I hypothesize superior once mastered.
 - Because we come from a tradition of mud engineers and now collaborate-coexist with ecologists.



BESMART Research Lines: all apply to fines

- a. Dewatering and strengthening by Oligochaete worms
- b. & c. Use of algae or Kaumera[®] as flocculant
- d. Bed protection and Sulfur removal by Begiattoa
- e. Dewatering and strengthening by Vegetation







b





28 november 2019

Dewatering by worms: inspiration (2012)





Worms dewatering in saturated conditions



Worms strengthening in saturated conditions







Worms strenghtening in saturated conditions







Worms strenghthening in saturated conditions





Worms dewatering: unsaturated, under load



| | worms | | no worms | |
|--------|-----------|------|-----------|------|
| time | thickness | SC | thickness | SC |
| 1 day | 45 cm | 0,23 | 50 cm | 0,21 |
| 3 days | 40 cm | 0,26 | 49 cm | 0,21 |
| 6 days | 38 cm | 0,27 | 48 cm | 0,22 |
| 7 days | 30 cm | 0,33 | 45 cm | 0,23 |

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Load 0.5 bar)

Worms dewatering: unsaturated, under load

worms

Changes:

-slight salinity increase -worms are mixed with the sediment





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Worms dewatering: unsaturated, under load





Effect of worm density



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Worms and plants!





The gap between laboratory research and actual field applications

- Numerical modelling & meso-scale research as tool for design
- Side effects and total benefit / cost , given the local environment
- Pilot testing and full scale testing for different applications







Numerical modelling – example for dewatering of dredged material in lagoons

- Either simplified 1-D model based on empirical considerations (Gibson as done per Merckelbach) with coefficients "tuned" to the rates observed for the worms
- Either detailed 3-D model coupling the pore water pressure p to the soil deformation p using the Biot equations







Impact of the bio-engineering on the local environment

- Fundamental questions on impact on the environment : introduction of invasive species ? Impact on the ecology ? What after ? Relative advantage of the technique versus "chemical alternative"...
- Practical questions : permitting & EIA ? Flexibility and adaptability of the permit ? Border transfer of species or local growth ? ...







Towards field applications

- E.g. case of faster dewatering with worms in land reclamation projects
- A number of questions arise
 - Create optimal conditions for full-scale testing
 - Cost of bio-engineering at large scale
 - Operational flow
 - Health & safety







Conclusions

- X
- X
- Promising, ready for step towards full-scale pilots





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